Early Onset Scoliosis – 50 years back and 50 years forward



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Historical

- Sporadic case reports
- No MRI / CT
- Basic genetics
- No reliable implants
- Soft tissue releases
- Limited fusions
- Plaster / Casting
- Elaborate external correction apparatus
- Exercise / diet / fresh air !!











Pre - 1957

- Hibbs 1911 fusion (later soft tissue releases)
- Kuhns 1934 'Congenital scoliosis without significant bone changes'
- Harrenstein 1936 ? Ricketts
- Blount 1948 Milwaukee
 brace
- J I P James 1951 Infantile Idiopathic Scoliosis

James JIP 1951 JBJS 33B 399







Russell Hibbs



Polio (1920's) **Pre - 1957** Risser

Risser JC 1948 Am Acad Orth Surg 5 248 -60

Traction

















- Harrington 1963
- Allen 1963
- Roaf 1964 Growth Arrest for IIS
- Lloyd-Roberts Pilcher 1965
 Progressive and resolving types IIS



Lloyd-Roberts, Pilcher 1965 JBJS 48B 520







1966 - 1975 Cottrel 1968 (dynamic traction) 1973 EDF cast and fusion Wynne-Davies 1967 (plagiocephaly) 1975 (CDH / CHD / Breech

low birth weight)



Tanner 1970**1960**Duval-Beaupere 1971L Reid 1971 Growth of thecardio-respiratory systemArch disease childhood 46 - 623Metha 1972 RVAD 20°JBJS 54B 230 - 243











From work by Dimeglio et al 1995 Idment of Spinal Surpery The Royal Orthopaedic Hospital

- Stagnara 1976 (muscular cellular changes in IIS)
- Moe SRS 1978 (non-fusion)
- Leatherman 1979
- Watenabe / Stokes 1980's
- Luque



Dickson 1984
 Early Onset Scoliosis
 Dickson RA JBJS 66B 8 - 15



Pehrsson 1992 Long term follow-up of patients with untreated scoliosis : A study of mortality, cause of death and symptoms Spine 17 1091 - 96 MRI









 Klemme 1997 long term follow-up of Moe's cases of HR instrumentation without fusion

Klemme et al JPO 1997 17: 734-742

Campbell 1996

Thoracic Insufficiency

- Freeman et al 2003 (L. trolley)
- Akbarnia et al 2005 (growing

rods)









Limited - fusion

Harrington's original concept 1962

Luque trolley segmental instrumentation without formal fusion 1979

Subcutaneous or submuscular rod (Isola/Synergy/USS)

Harrington

Shilla technique 'pedicle screw trolley'



Luque trolley

Paed ISOLA

Luque trolley



Subcutaneous Rods



MC presented 3 years six months old with R thoracic L lumbar curves secondary to Beales syndrome Progression despite bracing Bending films show stiffness in both curves

Subcutaneous rods





Now 13 years of age correction maintained in the Coronal plane and improved in the saggital plane Overall spinal 'growth' has been 12 cm Hardware problems required upper TRC removal to brace / normal school activities including limited PE

Thoracic Cage Instrumentation











Sequential rib distraction and chest wall expansion improves respiratory function and indirectly provides spinal correction

Campbell R M. Congenital scoliosis due to multiple vertebral anomalies associated with thoracic insufficiency syndrome in State of the Art Reviews, Spine 14:1 2000









Following expansion thoracoplasty both the convex and concave sides of the thoracic spine and unilateral unsegmented bars appear to 'grow'

Campbell R M, Hell-Vocke A K JBJS Am. 2003 Mar;85-A(3): 409-20

UK experience now >40 cases majority for congenital scoliosis with rib synostosis







VEPTR

Salvage for significant trunk decompensation following lumbar hemi-vertebral resection









Next 10 years? Anterior Tethering





Mechanical modulation of vertebral body growth: Implications for Scoliosis progression

Stokes I A et al: Presented to 30th Annual meeting SRS Asheville NC 1995

Asymetrical flexible tethering of spine growth in an immature bovine model

Newton P O et al: Spine 2002 Apr 1;27(7): 689-93

Next 10 years? Memory metal staples



NIckel-TItanium-Naval-Ordnance-Laboratory

50% Nickel 50% Titanium Improved pullout Constant force after implantation















Convex Stapling of immature (<Risser 2) AIS curves appears to have the ability to control progressive curves in the short term

Betz RR, Kim J, D'Andrea L P, Mulcahey M J, Balsara R K, Clements D H An Innovative technique of vertebral body stapling for the treatment of patients with adolescent idiopathic scoliosis; a feasibility, safety and utility study. Spine 2003 Oct 15; 28(20): S255-65

Next 10 years - Vertebral Body Osteotomy







Multiple level vertebral body osteotomies with staple fixation

By 2015

- Refinement in chromosomal mapping of genetic influences in HOX / BOX
- segmentation genes
- Memory metal rods
- 'Automated Growing' rods – spine & chest
- Lengthened by 'magnetic field' induction



By 2030 ?

- Growth plate transplants
- Bio-resorbable 'time effect limited' implants
- Second generation active
 'A l' correction implants
- Foetal spinal surgery –
 congenital vertebral









By 2057 ?

- Hormonal Modulation of growth by injection of growth factors into growth plates
- Gene manipulation
- Stem cell concave growth plate transplants
- "take one tablet 3 x a day"



Early Onset Scoliosis quo vadis?

