VEPTR: 2007 ICEOS Update



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VEPTR Surgeries: 26 countries

- US
- Canada
- Austria
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Great Britain
- Luxembourg
- Norway
- Poland
- Portugal
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- Turkey
- Argentina
- Brazil
- Australia
- Japan
- China
- Israel
- New Zealand
- Qatar
- Saudi Arabia



The VEPTR "Parasol" Expansion Thoracoplasty for

Treatment of Transverse Volume Depletion Deformity of the Convex Hemithorax Rib Hump in Early Onset Scoliosis

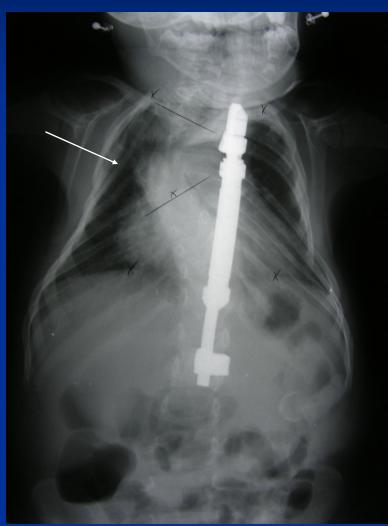
R Campbell, M Smith, JT Woody, JW Simmons, S Inscore, BR Cofer, J Doski, C Grohman

- SRS, 2007



Problem:

Persistent Volume Depletion Deformity of rib hump









Alain Dimeglio

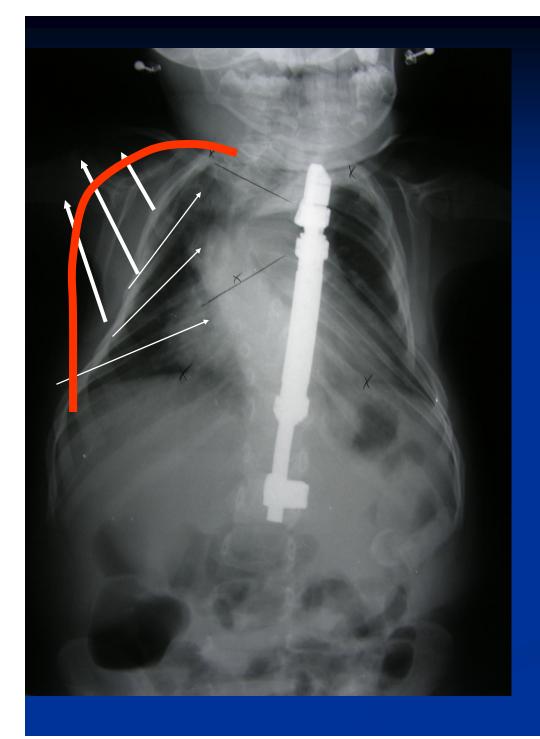


The Dimeglio Parasol Analogy





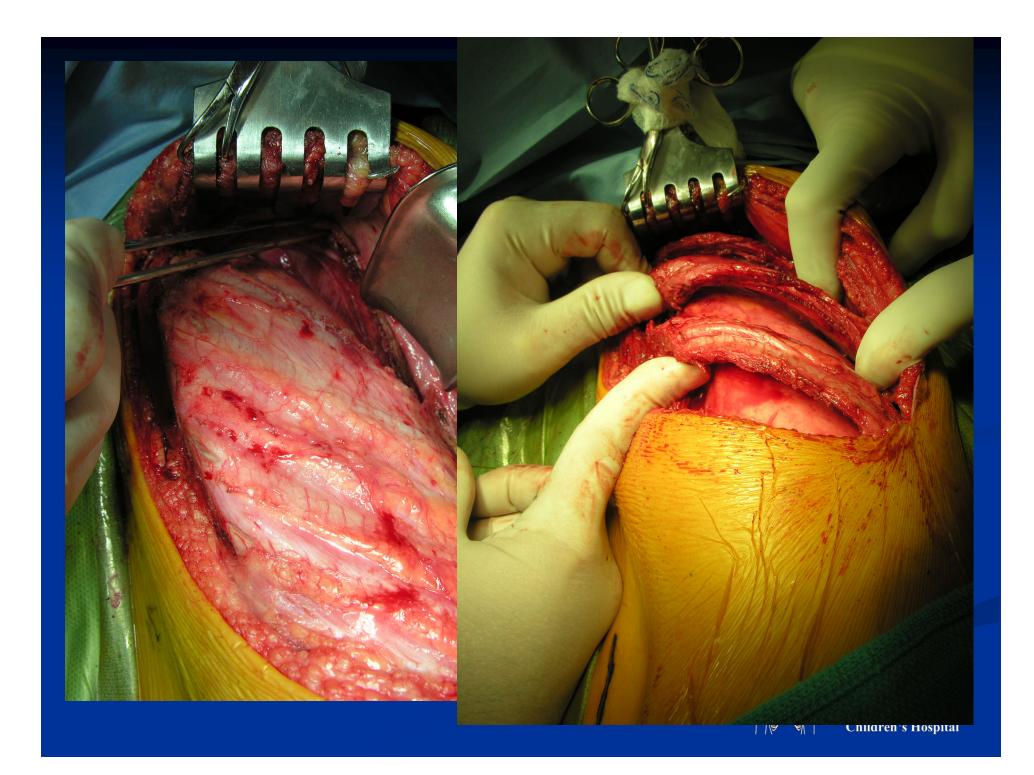
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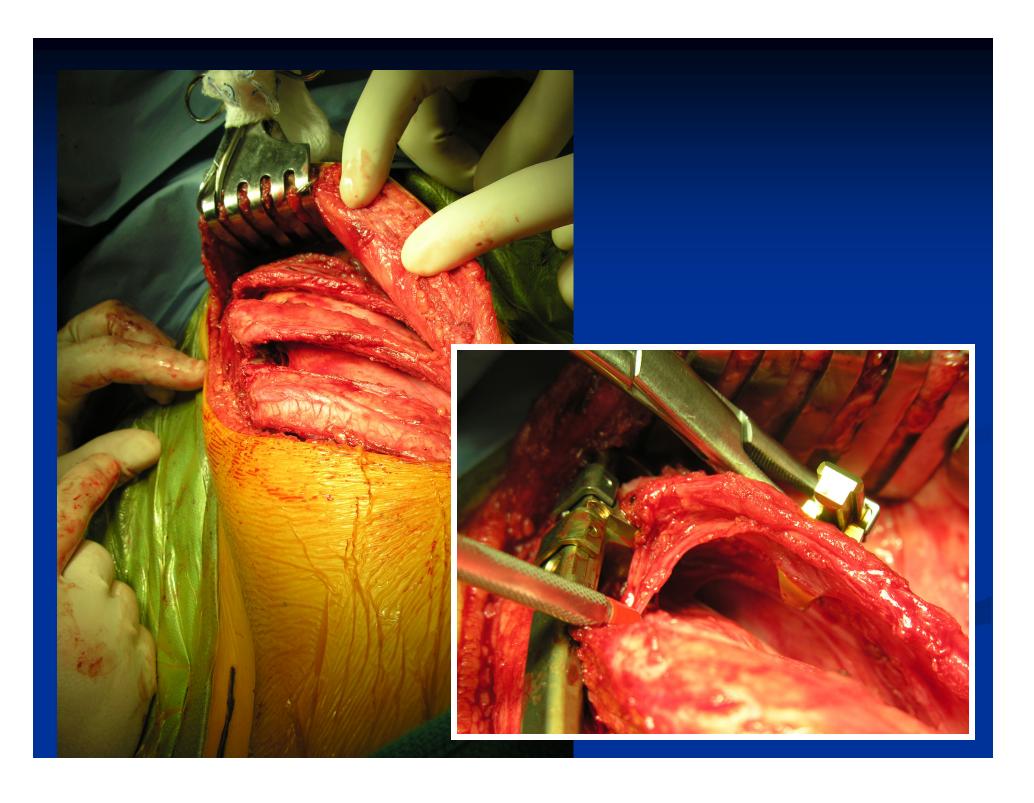


Rather than cutting up the umbrella, why not open the "parasol"?

- Is it mechanically possible?
- Will it increase the scoliosis?

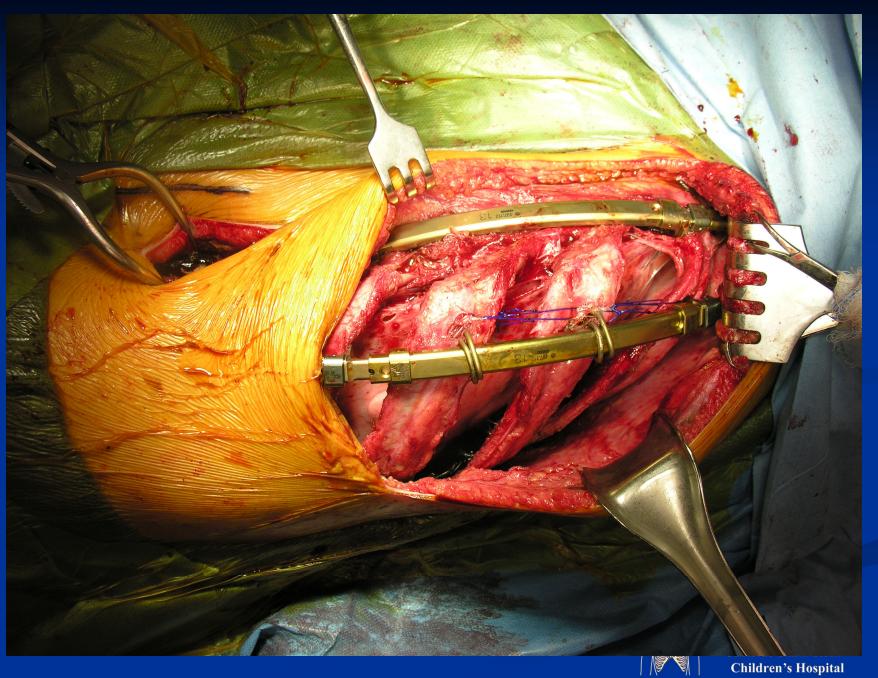




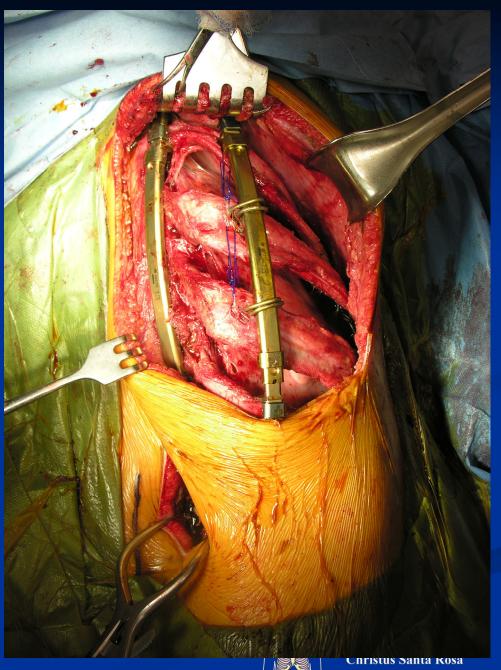




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Results

10 pts, mean f/u4 years

- Mean Cobb angle pre-op concave procedure 79°
- Mean pre-convex procedure 51°

 49° at f/u.

■ SAL 1.5 pre-op, 0.92 at f/u.

Avg. vital capacity at f/u was 37.8% predicted (n=9).



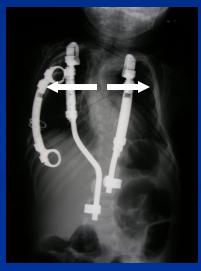
Results

Ratio Convex/concave
hemithorax width was
2.79 pre-concave implant
3.07 pre-convex implant

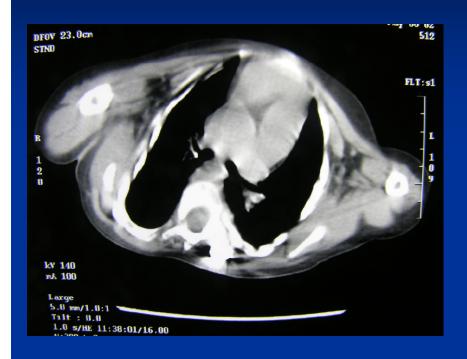
■ 2.17 f/u.

CT lung volumes
(n = 6): pre-implant
convex/concave lung
volume ratio was 0.87,
0.91 at f/u.













New VEPTR Indications



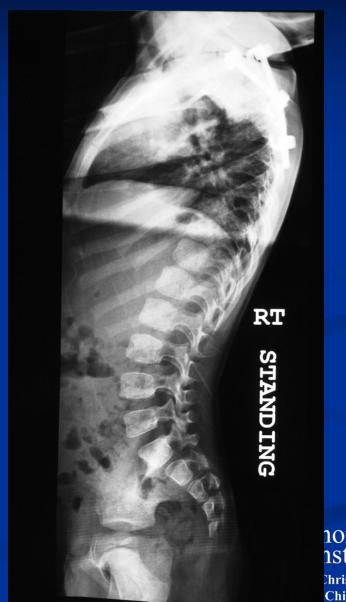
Cervical Tilt: Solved problem?



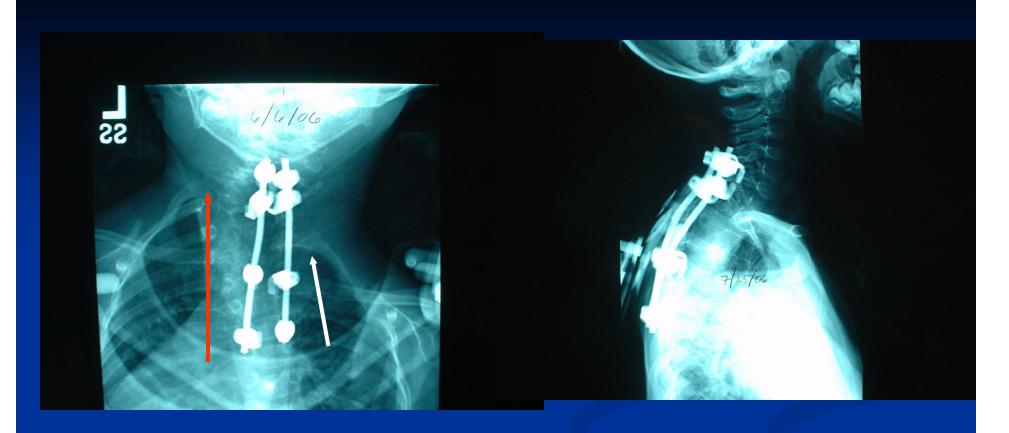








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T1-8: (66% of T spine)



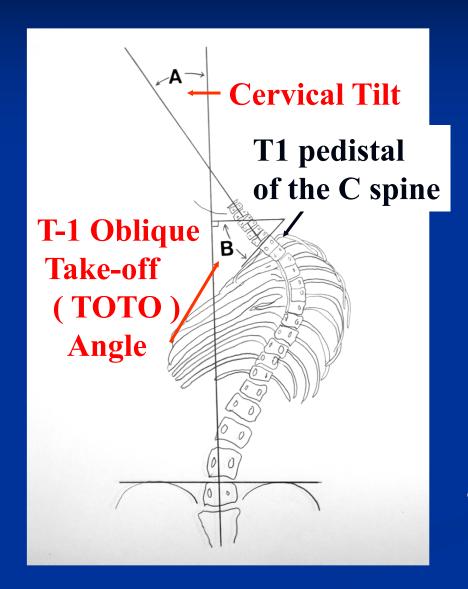
VEPTR Treatment of Cervical Tilt

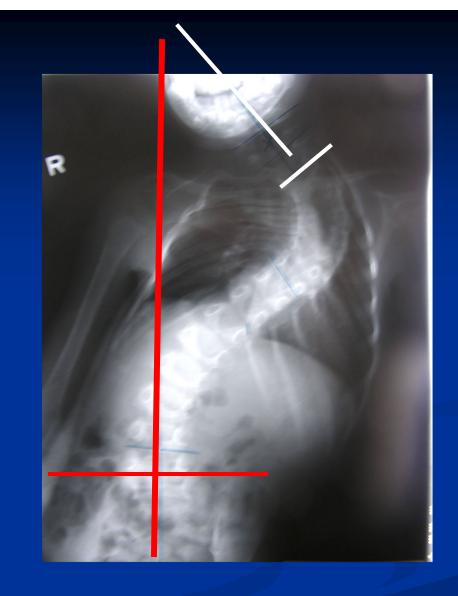


- Campbell, Adcox, et al., SPINE, Sept, 2007



Effect of VEPTR on Cervical Tilt





-Campbell, Adcox, et al.

Spine, 2007

Institute

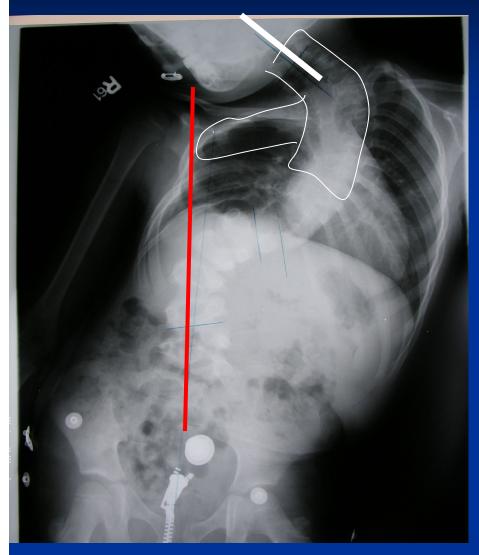
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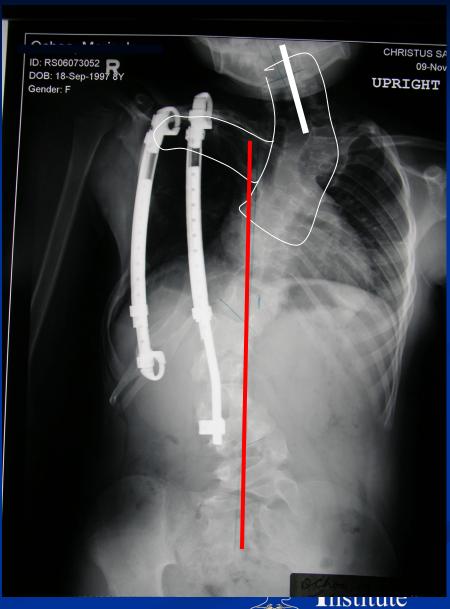
10 pts. Avg f/u 5.75 yrs (2-11.5 yrs)

- Co-Morbidities
- 36% C spine anomalies
- 21% cong heart disease
- 21% renal abnormalities

- 43% spinal cord abnormalities
 - 1 syrinx
 - 5 tethers



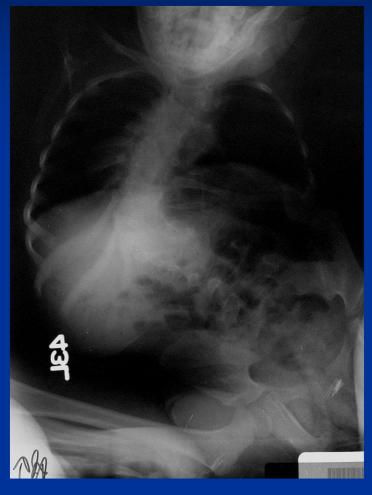


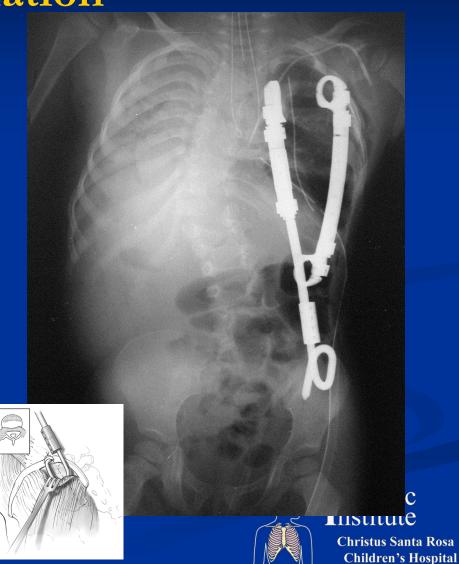


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VEPTR S-Hook Iliac Crest Pedestal

Fixation





Percutaneous Bilateral Rib to Pelvis VEPTR without thoracostomy

-John Smith, MD, Utah









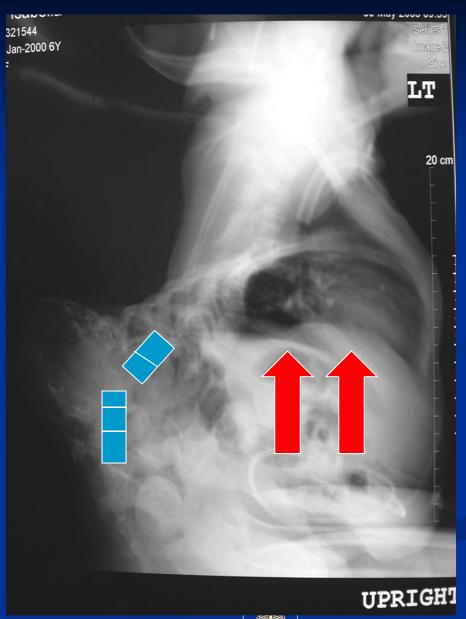
Myelominigocele Gibbus Treatment

6 y/o myelominingocele ventilator dependant

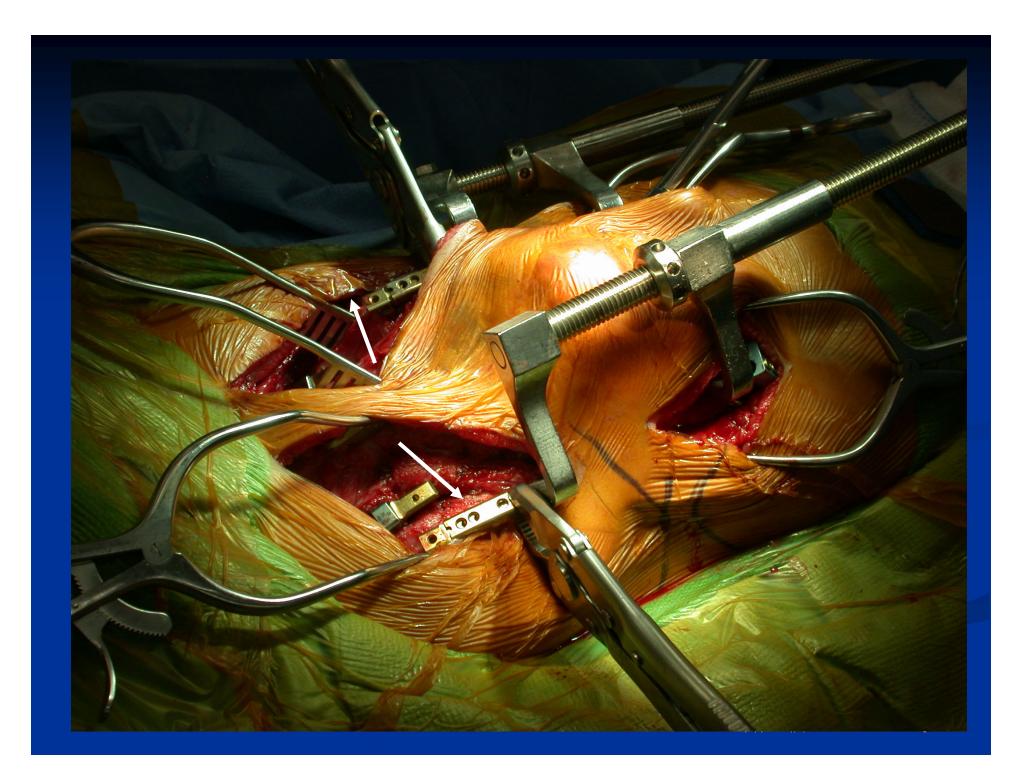










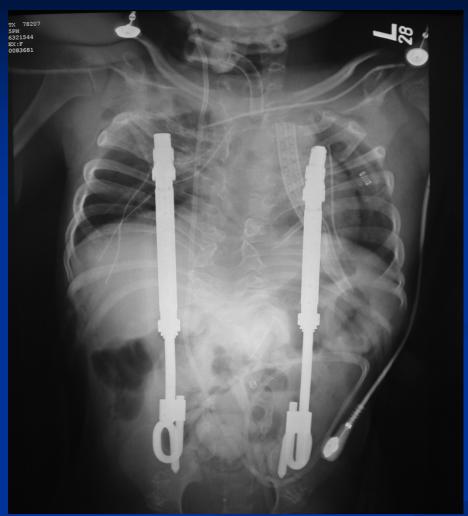






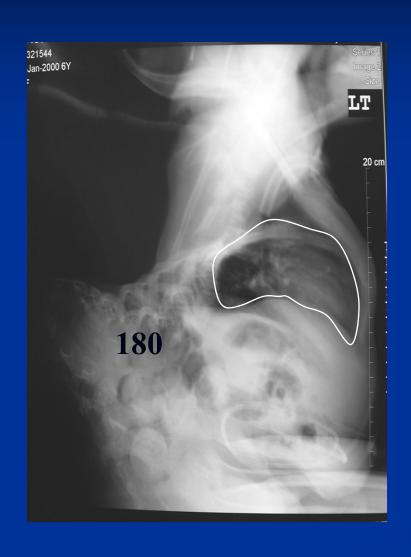


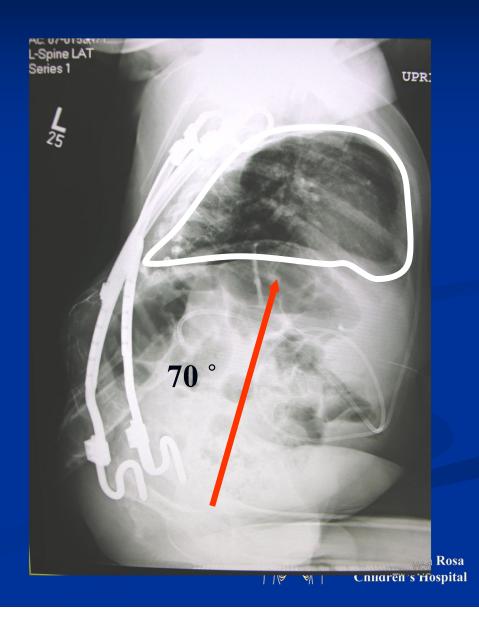






18 Month follow-up



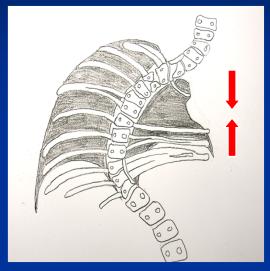


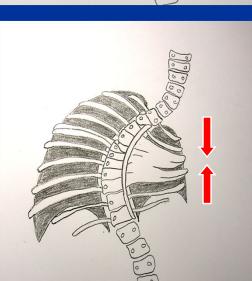
The Future

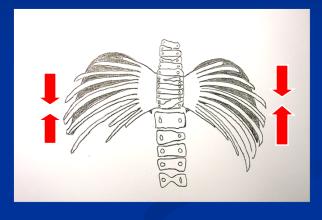


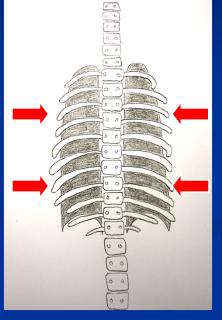


Volume Depletion Deformities of the Thorax









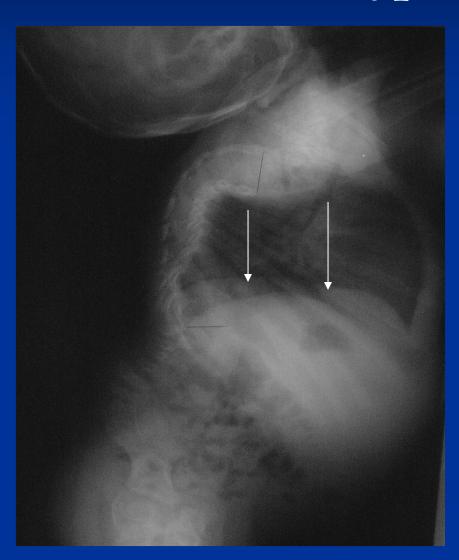
III a

-Campbell Smith, JBJS, supp, 2007





Type III a VDD from severe kyphosis





CT Scans: 3-D Thoracic Defomrity

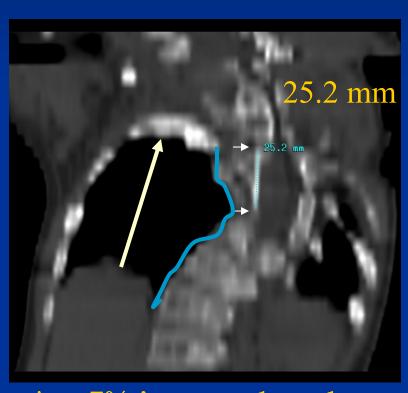








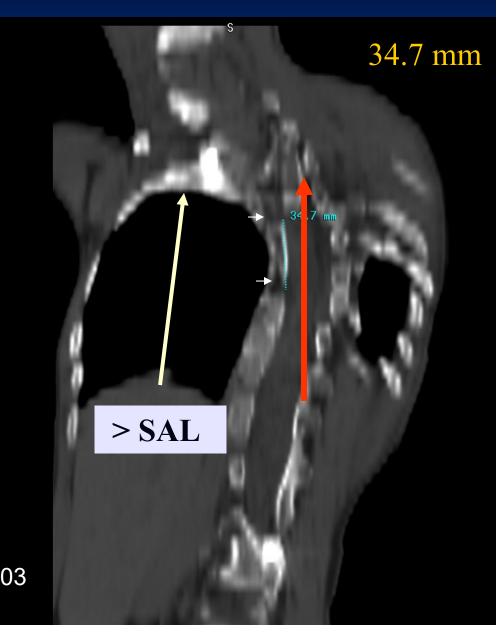
Growth of Bars / Concave side of Spine



-Avg 7% increase length concave side and bars

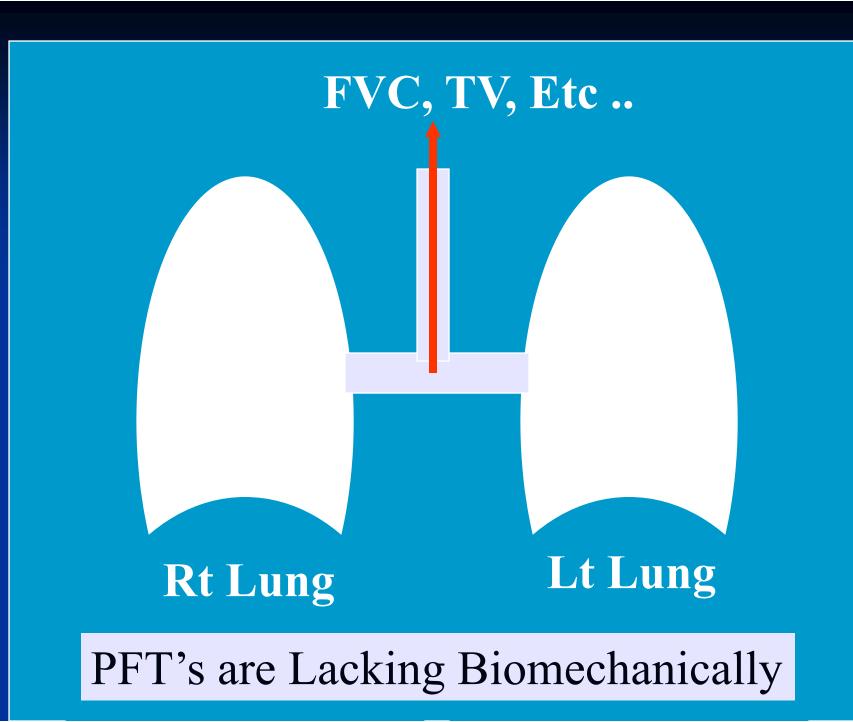
P < 0.0001

-JBJS, 2003



Additional Thoughts





Respiration

Where we live

- Normal "at rest" breathing
 - Tidal Volume

The Respiratory "Sprint"

- High demand "maximum inspiratory effort" breathing
 - Forced Vital Capacity

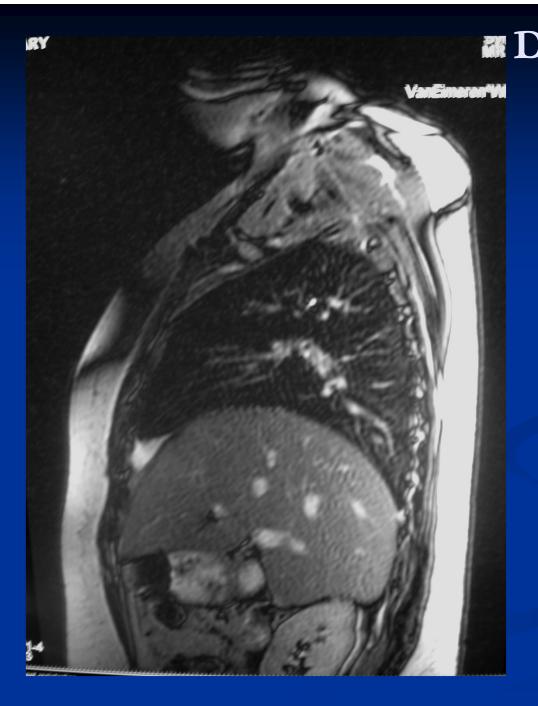


The Thorax is the Engine of Respiration









Dynamic Lung MRI and Spine Deformity

Kotani, T. et al. *Spine*, 2004.

Chu, WCW, et al. -SRS 2005





Effect of Deformity on the Engine







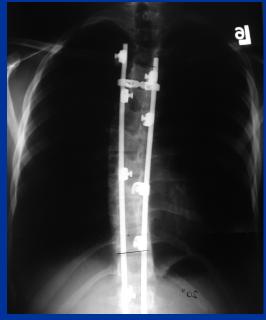




Effect of Treatment on the Engine



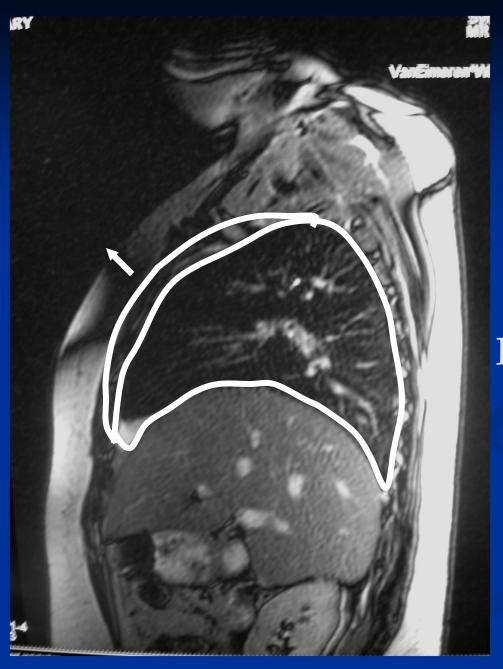








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Respiration:
Change in Lung
Volume from
Rib Cage Expansion
(20% FVC)



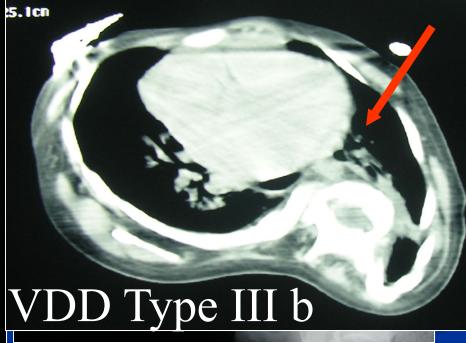


Respiration: Change in Lung Volume from Diaphragm Contraction (80% FVC)









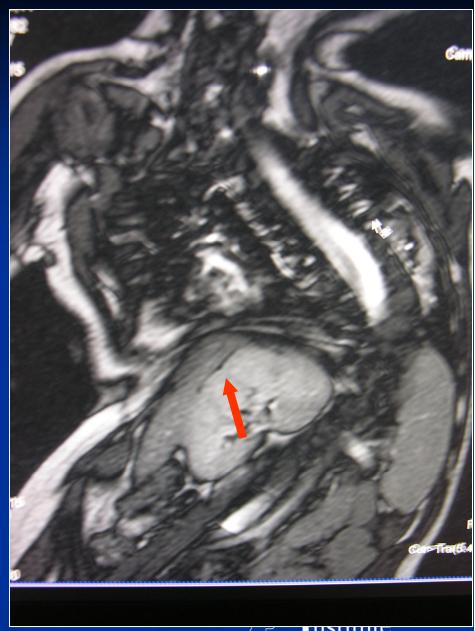


Positive Marionette sign





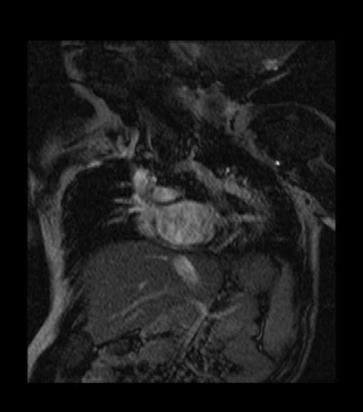


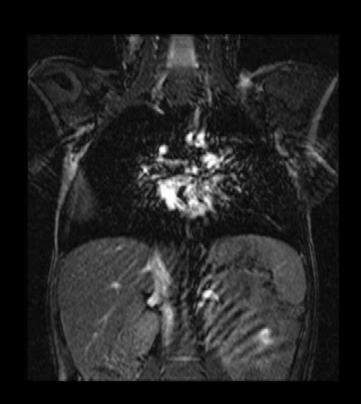




Patient

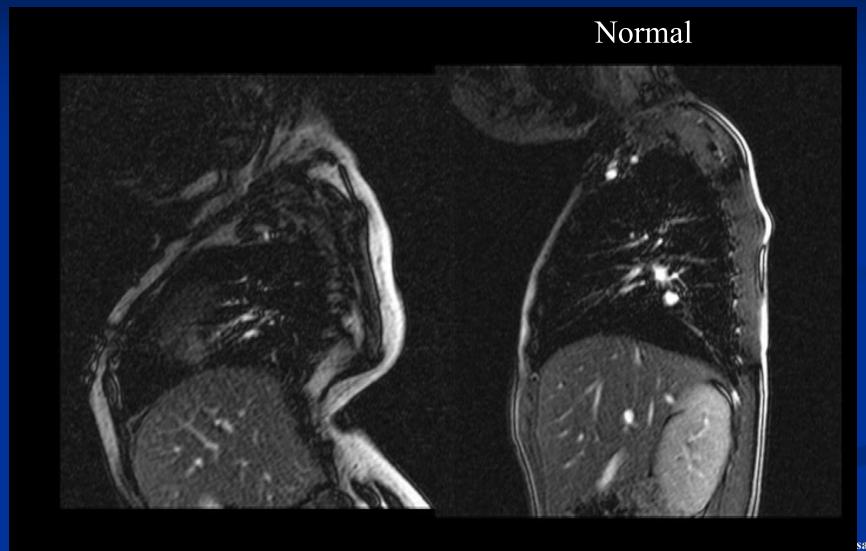
Normal 4 y/o







TL 58 s.c. \triangle LRC 6.3 (11%) TL 89 s.c. \triangle LRC 5.3 (6%) \triangle LD 5.2 (9%) \triangle LD 6.9 (8%)



EOS



(N=6)

∆ Diaphragm

△ Rib Cage

% total lung area

% total lung area

Convex hemithorax 8.2 %

1.1 %

Concave hemithorax 8.3 %

2.5 %

- Campbell, Aubrey, et al., unpublished data







VDD Type IIIa

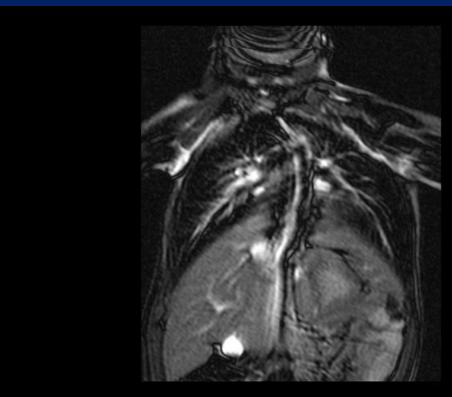






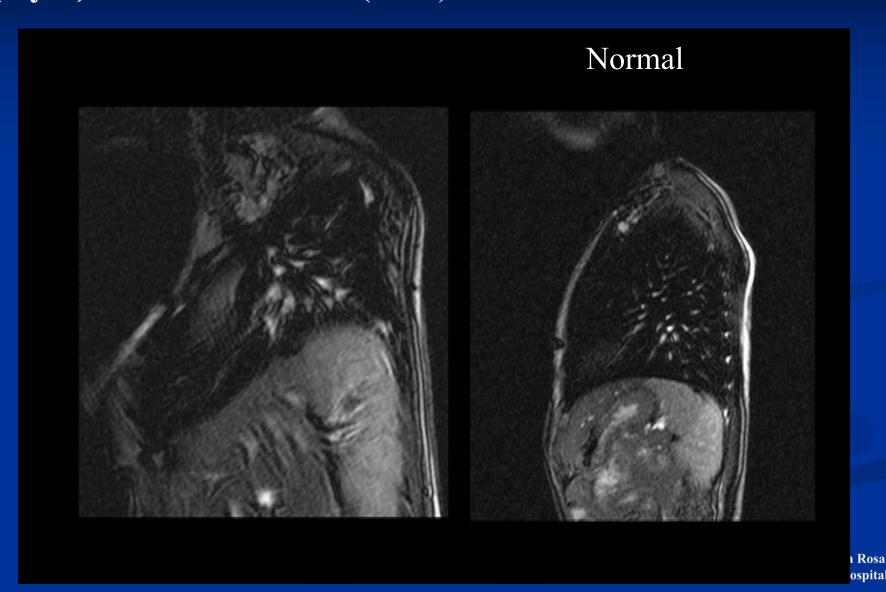




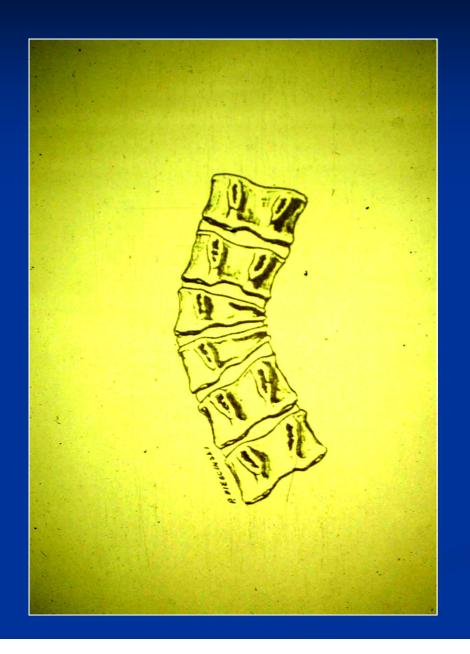


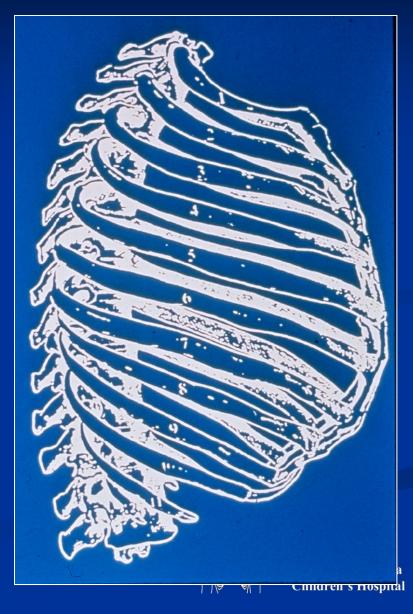


TL 74 s.c. \triangle L RC 0.37 (0.4%) TL 89 s.c. \triangle L RC 5.3 (6%) (7 y/o) \triangle L D 8.4 (11%) (4 y/o) \triangle L D 6.9 (8%)



Is Scoliosis an obsolete term?





Thank You!

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