Innovative Treatment in C-Spine Trauma in Young Children

ICEOS Toronto Nov. 2010

L Letko J Harms

Innovative Tx in C-Spine Trauma in Young Children - Introduction

Treatment principles:

Deformity correction
Injury stabilisation
Prevention of additional SCI
Promote healing
ligamentous
fracture
fusion

Prevent late posttraumatic deformity Preserve possible motion segments Allow continued growth



Innovative Tx in C-Spine Trauma in Young Children - Methods

Retrospective review of Tx methods in 2 cases of children with c-spine injury < 2 years of age

Tx methods:

Occipital plate

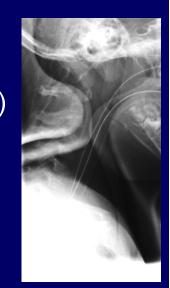
C1/C2 instrumentation

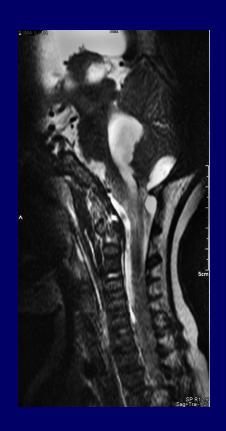
Temporary instrumentation

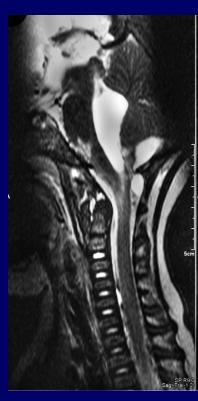


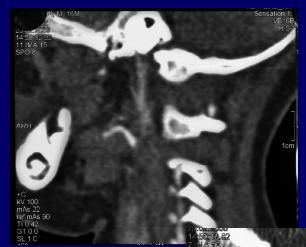
16 mo F
S/p auto accident (icey road - car into tree)
Polytrauma (head, SCI, lung contusion, humerus fx)
Neuro exam inconclusive (generalized hypotonia)
Radiographic work-up:

Traumatic atlanto-occipital subluxation Complete tearing of ligaments & C1/C2 jt capsules









Treatment:

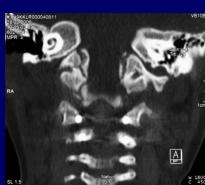
2.06 Post. instrumentation C0/C1/C2 w/ fusion C0/ C1 Halo body jacket x 3 mos.

Removal of C2 screws 12.06 after healing of lig.

& capsular injury









Tx methods:

Pedicle screw instrumentation lower c-spine

18 mo M

Hit by car – thrown ~ 1 m

Polytrauma (head trauma, SCI,rib fx)

Neuro exam: complete tetraplegia C6

Radiographic w/up: unstable fx dislocation C5/6 w/ spinal cord lesion C6/7



2.9.06 – posterior pedicle screw instrumentation C4 – C7 left, C5 – C7 right



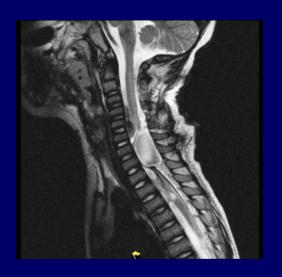


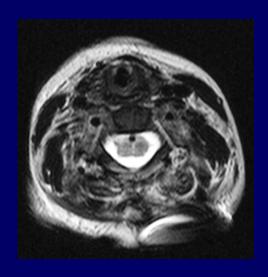


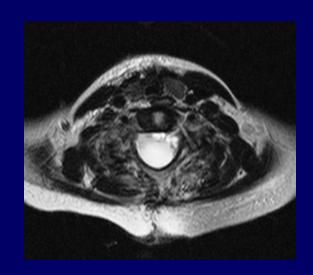


Innovative Treatments in Cervical Spine Trauma Case 2

MRI 6.07 after ROH (5.07) w/ cyst & syrinx formation







Innovative Tx in C-Spine Trauma in Young Children -Conclusions

Versatile instrumentation & a variety of techniques allow for reduction of & maintainence of reduction in various c-spine injuries including those at the junctional regions in very young children

Temporary instrumentation w/ the expectation of fx or ligamentous healing vs permenant instrumentation & fusion may be a goal of surgery depending on the nature of the injury & age of the patient