Effects of the growing rod on the discs and facet joints of the unfused intermediate segments

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Disclosure

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No disclosure No disclosure No disclosure No disclosure No disclosure K2M (b), DePuy (c)



Background

Clinical studies have shown
GR preserves the normal growth potential of spine while controlling the deformity

However there are disagreements stating
Distractions and/or relative immobilization
Disc and facet joints of the intermediate spanned segments

 \rightarrow Degeneration and/or spontaneous fusion



Aim

Is GR ending up with degeneration and/or fusion ?

Comparison of discs and facet joints' health in
Control group (CG)
GR group
Instrumented fusion (IF) group

Hacettepe Orthopaedics Spine Unit Material & Methods
⇒ IRB approved
⇒ Study granted by
⇒ The Scientific and Technological Research Council of Turkey
⇒ Hacettepe University Scientific Research and Development Office

⇒13 piglets (3 CG, 7 GR, 3 IF)
⇒10-14 weeks of age



Technique

⇔CG

Age matched healthy animal

🗢 IF

 6 levels fusion at TL spine with pedicle screws and local bone
4 months of follow-up



⇔ GR

- After index surgery monthly lengthening of 5 mm monthly for 3 months
- Same levels used with 2 spanned intermediate segments



Material & Methods

➡ Histological evaluation
➡ Intermediate discs and facet joints
➡ Grading system → Gries et. al., Eur Spine J., 2000



Results



Normal disc



Near normal disc



Fully degenerated disc

Histological Evaluation	CG (grade)	GR (grade)	IF (grade)	χ²	р
Intermediate Disc	1.1333	1.7500	3.2941	31.59	0.00

Results

Normal facet		al surface flaking	d		
Histological Evaluation	CG (grade)	GR (grade)	Z	р	
Intermediate Facet Joints	1	2	-3.523	0.00	

Conclusions

 Although some degenerative changes are observed in the intermediate discs when compared to normal spines
<u>GR does not cause spontaneous fusion</u> after multiple lengthenings

⇔GR is closer to normal physiology

GR preserves the disc and facet joints of the intermediate segments

⇔ <u>GR is a "fusionless" procedure</u>

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