

## High Incidence of Cervical Deformity and Instability Requires Surveillance in Loeys-Dietz Syndrome

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#### Background



#### Loeys-Dietz Syndrome (LDS)

- Mutations in TGF- $\beta$ R genes
- Characterized by

  - aneurysmsmidline defects
  - skeletal deformities
- **Objective:** Study •
  - 80 patients
  - Mean age 17.3
  - Mean follow up 6.5 years
  - describe
    - Incidence
    - Treatment & Complications



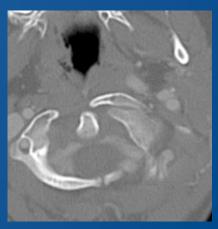


### Results C1 Hypoplasia



 Anterior arch defects more common than posterior arch defects

- Anterior: 24%
- Posterior: 16%

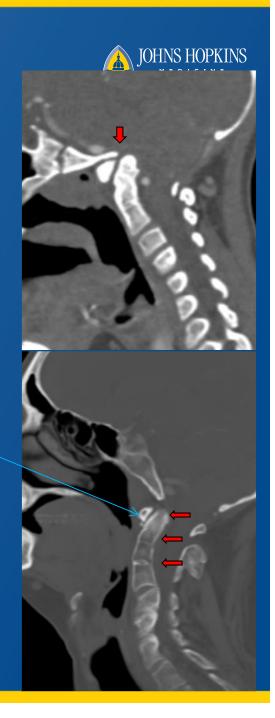




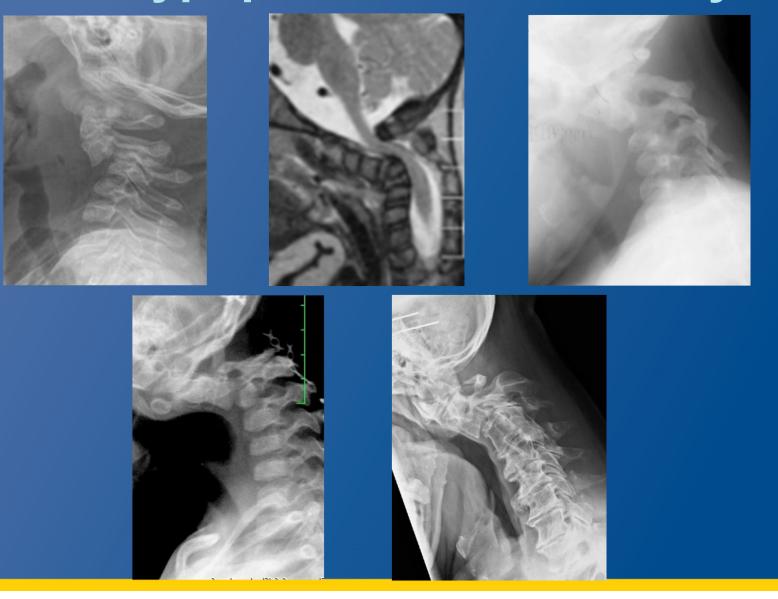
#### Results C2 Deformity

- Elongation: 54%
- Dorsal angulation: 15%
- Spondylolysis: 5%
- Off center location: 21 patients (31%)





## Sub-axial Deformity (9 pts) C3 Hypoplasia and instability



#### Subluxation in Late Childhood 🍐 -requires monitoring

C2-C3 kyphosis and subluxation







**JOHNS HO** 

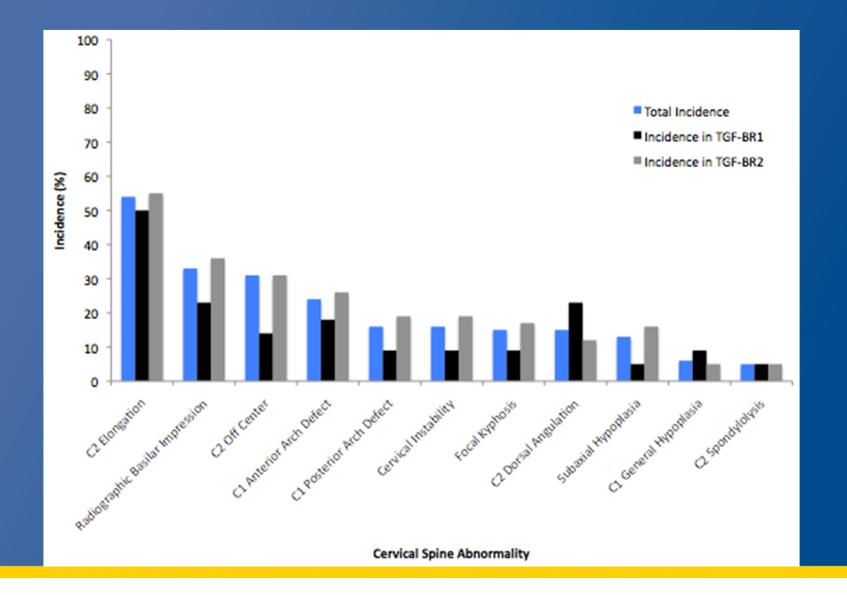
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11 years

#### Type of TGF-βR Mutation NOT Associated with Cervical Abnormalities



#### Results Treatment and Complications



- Mean age 4.0 (range 3m-12y),
  - 6 patients had surgery before age 3y
- All had posterior, and 2 had anterior fusion
- All fusions eventually involved occiput
- All had neuro Sx / symptoms

Complications: 7 patients, 13 reoperations

- Pseudarthrosis: 5 (4 had failure of fixation)
- Junctional kyphosis or instability: 4 patients



#### Conclusions



Cervical deformity & instability common in LDS

- C1-C3 most common
  - C1 arch defects, C2 spondylolysis, and C3 hypoplasia
- Most common is C3 hypoplasia with kyphosis and instability
- Recommend imaging & follow C-Spine
  With growth

# Thank you





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