VENTRAL ROD MIGRATION OF POSTERIORLY APPLIED GROWING ROD TECHNOLOGY FOR EARLY ONSET SCOLIOSIS

Our Lady's Children's Hospital Crumlin Dublin Ireland
Presenter <u>Lambert LA</u>
Authors: LA Lambert, R McManus, Kiely PJ



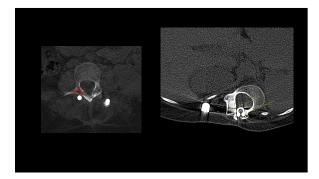


STUDY DESIGN

Longitudinal prospective database of growing rod patients

2007- Ventral Rod Migration (VRM) identified in a patient

Consensus definition of VRM (Paediatric Unit x3 Spinal Consultants) Ventral rod movement of \geq 2mm through posterior lamina cortex evidenced on axial CT imaging



RESULTS

- Between 2007 & 2015 n=90
- 30 Post Operative CT spine
- Ventral rod migration n= 3 (12%)

CASE DISCUSSION

- GM DOB 11.01.2002
- EOS (Infantile idiopathic)
- 09.09.05 Synergy Growth Rods inserted
- 13.01.06 Rods replaced with Legacy System
- 17.04.07 Suffered an acute neurological injury during a lengthening procedure

-Paraplegic 0/5 (MRC) -Sensory Level T10

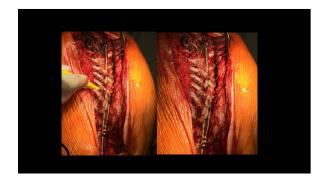
CASE DISCUSSION 24.09.07 • "In the upper thoracic region the right sided rod appears to lie within the posterior spinal canal."

CASE DISCUSSION

- 01.11.07 Growing Rods removed
- Scoliosis continues to progress. 2 further procedures
- Ultimately, 21.05.15 Posterior Spinal Fusion T1- Pelvis

CASE DISCUSSION

- EC DOB 08.10.2001
- EOS(Infantile Idiopathic) Concomitant astrocytoma(PXA) of spinal cord
- 2002- Serial Casting
- \bullet 2007- Index insertion of growing rods
- 2012- Axial CT demonstrative of VRM



<u>OBSERVATIONS</u>	
VRM occurred in EOS pts who are:	
Osteoporotic (evidenced by DEXA)	
• Mean Cobb angle ≥ 70°	
• Mean Apical kyphosis ≥ 40°	
	1
<u>LIMITATIONS</u>	
Non stratified cohort	
Temporal variance of imaging performed	
Bone densitrometry not universal	
Range of spine based systems utilised	
	1
DISCUSSION	
Is the apropriate CT modality to screen at risk patients for GR	
complications?	
• Is MR a better alterative neuroaxis imaging?	
• Who are the at risk patients?	

CONCLUSION
<u> </u>
VRM is potentially catastrophic yet quiescent
Previously not described in EOS literature
Previously not described in EOS interature
Index of suspicion in patients with an initial severe degree of deformity &
poor vertebral bone stock